

TASKS

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part of the **ExSHEETS** bundle

create horizontal columned lists

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1 Motivation

Changed in
version 0.7

Originally **TASKS** has been an integral part of **ExSHEETS**. However, users told me that it indeed could be useful to have it as a stand-alone package not having to load the whole **ExSHEETS** beast just for having the tasks environment available. Since I agree with this the environment has been extracted into a package of its own, **TASKS**.

The reason for the tasks environment is an unwritten agreement in German maths textbooks (in (junior) high school, especially) to organize exercises in columns counting horizontally rather than vertically. That is what tasks primarily is for. If you don't need this feature you're better off using traditional \LaTeX lists and the enumitem package for customization.

2 License and Requirements

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this software under the terms of the \LaTeX Project Public License (LPPL), version 1.3 or later (<http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt>).

The software has the status “maintained.”

TASKS requires the `l3kernel` [The13a] bundle, `xparse`,¹ `xtemplate` and `l3keys2e`² which are part of the `l3packages` [The13b] bundle, `epic` [Pod86], `cntformats`,³ and `environ` [Rob13].

3 How it works

3.1 The Basics

The `tasks` environment is similar to a list like `enumerate` but not the same. Here are some of the differences:

- A first difference: there is no pagebreak possible inside an item but only between items.
- A second difference: the enumeration default is a), b), c) ...
- A third difference: there is a split at *every* occurrence of the item separator. For this reason the default separator is not `\item` but `\task` so it is unique to this environment only.
- A fourth difference: the `tasks` environment cannot be nested. You can, however, use an `itemize` environment or something in it.
- A fifth difference: verbatim material cannot be used in it. You’ll have to use `\string`, `\texttt` or `\detokenize`. If this won’t suffice then don’t use `tasks`.

`\begin{tasks}[\langle options \rangle](\langle num of columns \rangle)`

List like environment where the single items are introduced with `\task`.

Let’s see an example:

```

1 % \sample is defined to contain some sample text:
2 % \def\s{This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat
3 %   longer text spanning a few lines.}
4 % \def\sample{\s\ \s\par\s}
5 Some text before the list.
6 \begin{tasks}
7   \task \sample
8   \task \sample
9   \task \sample
10 \end{tasks}
11 And also some text after it.
```

Some text before the list.

1. on CTAN as `xparse`: <http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/xparse/>
2. on CTAN as `l3keys2e`: <http://mirrors.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/l3keys2e/>
3. Part of the **ExSHEETS** bundle

- a) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

- b) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

- c) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

And also some text after it.

The environment takes the optional argument ($\langle num\ of\ columns \rangle$) with which the number of columns used by the environment is specified.

```

1 \begin{tasks}(2)
2   \task \sample
3   \task \s\ \s
4   \task \s
5   \task \sample
6   \task \s\par\s
7 \end{tasks}

```

- a) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

- b) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>c) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> | <p>d) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> <p>This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> |
| <p>e) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> <p>This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> | |

3.2 Introducing a New Row

Introduced in
version 0.9

Sometimes it may come in handy if the current row of items could be terminated and a new one is started. This is possible with the following command:

`\startnewitemline`

Introduce a new line in a tasks environment.

```

1 \begin{tasks}(4)
2   \task the first
3   \task the second
4   \task the third
5   \task the fourth
6   \task \rlap{the fifth item is way too long for this so we start a new row}
7     \startnewitemline
8   \task the sixth
9   \task the seventh
10  \task \rlap{the eighth item also is too long} \startnewitemline
11  \task the ninth
12  \task the tenth
13 \end{tasks}

```

-
- | | | | |
|--|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| a) the first | b) the second | c) the third | d) the fourth |
| e) the fifth item is way too long for this so we start a new row | | | |

- | | | |
|--------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| f) the sixth | g) the seventh | h) the eighth item also is too long |
| i) the ninth | j) the tenth | |

4 Available Options

The **TASKS** package has one package option which also is called when you load **EXSHEETS** with the `load-tasks` option.

more

Load additional instances for the tasks object, details are explained later in section 5.

The environment itself has some more options, namely the following ones that can be set using a setup command:

`\settasks{⟨options⟩}`

Setup command for **TASKS**.

`style = {⟨instance⟩}`

(initially empty)

Choose the instance to be used. Read more on this in section 8.1.

`counter-format = {⟨counter specs⟩}`

(initially empty)

Introduced in
version 0.9

Sets a custom label. The letters `tsk` are replaced with the task-counter. An optional argument directly following these letters specifies the counter format: 1: `\arabic`, a: `\alph`, A: `\Alph`, r: `\roman` and R: `\Roman`.

`label-format = {⟨code⟩}`

(initially empty)

Changed in
version 0.9

Can be used to apply a formatting like, *e. g.*, `\bfseries` to the labels.

`label = {⟨code⟩}`

(initially empty)

Changed in
version 0.9

Overwrite the automatic label to a custom one.

`label-width = {⟨dim⟩}`

Default: 1em

Sets the width of the item labels.

`label-offset = {⟨dim⟩}`

Default: .3333em

Introduced in
version 0.7

Sets the offset, *i. e.*, the distance between label and item.

`item-indent = {⟨dim⟩}`

Default: 2.5em

Introduced in
version 0.9a

The indent of an item, *i. e.*, the horizontal space available for both label and label-offset. If

$$\text{indent} = \text{label-width} + \text{label=offset}$$

the label will align with the textblock above (if `label-align = {left}` is set).

`label-align = left|right|center`

Default: left

Introduced in
version 0.7

Determines how the labels are aligned within the label-box whose width is set with `label-width`.

`before-skip = {\skip}` Default: 0pt
Sets the skip before the list.

`after-skip = {\skip}` Default: 0pt
Sets the skip after the list.

`after-item-skip = {\skip}` Default: 1ex plus 1ex minus 1ex
This vertical skip is inserted between rows of items.

Introduced in
version 0.9

`resume = true|false` Default: false
The enumeration will resume from a previous tasks environment. In order to use this option properly you shouldn't mix different tasks environments that both count their items.

Now the same list as above but with three columns and a different label:

```

1 \begin{tasks}[counter-format=(tsk[r]),label-width=4ex](2)
2   \task \sample
3   \task \s\ \s
4   \task \s
5   \task \sample
6   \task \s\par\s
7 \end{tasks}

```

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>(i) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> <p>This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> | <p>(ii) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> |
| <p>(iii) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> | <p>(iv) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines. This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> <p>This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.</p> |

- (v) This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

This is some sample text we will use to create a somewhat longer text spanning a few lines.

Let's use it inside a question, *i. e.*, inside **ExSHEETS**' question environment:

```

1 % since settings are local the following ones will be lost
2 % outside this example;
3 \settasks{
4   counter-format = qu.task ,
5   item-indent    = 2em ,
6   label-width    = 2em ,
7   label-offset   = 0pt
8 }
9 \begin{question}[type=exam]{4}
10  I have these two tasks for you. Shall we begin?
11  \begin{tasks}(2)
12    \task The first task: easy!
13    \task The second task: even more so!
14  \end{tasks}
15 \end{question}
16 \begin{solution}[print]
17   Now, let's see\ldots\ ah, yes:
18   \begin{tasks}
19     \task This is the first solution. Told you it was easy.
20     \task This is the second solution. And of course you knew that!
21   \end{tasks}
22 \end{solution}

```

Question 1.

I have these two tasks for you. Shall we begin?

1.1 The first task: easy!

1.2 The second task: even more so!

Solution 1.

Now, let's see... ah, yes:

1.1 This is the first solution. Told you it was easy.

4 P.

1.2 This is the second solution. And of course you knew that!

5 Available Instances

When you use the package option `more` of the `TASKS` package or load `EXSHEETS` with the `load-tasks` option there are currently three additional instances for the `tasks` object available:

itemize uses `\labelitemi` as labels.

enumerate enumerates the items with 1., 2., ...

multiplechoice a – well – ‘multiple choice’ list.

```

1 \begin{tasks}[style=itemize](2)
2   \task that's just how\ldots
3   \task \ldots we expected
4 \end{tasks}
5 \begin{tasks}[style=enumerate](2)
6   \task that's just how\ldots
7   \task \ldots we expected
8 \end{tasks}
9 \begin{tasks}[style=multiplechoice](2)
10  \task that's just how\ldots
11  \task \ldots we expected
12 \end{tasks}

```

-
- | | |
|---|---|
| • that's just how... | • ...we expected |
| 1. that's just how... | 2. ...we expected |
| <input type="checkbox"/> that's just how... | <input type="checkbox"/> ...we expected |

6 Custom Labels

If you want to change a single label inside a list, you can use the optional argument of `\task`. This will temporarily overwrite the default label.

<pre> 1 \begin{tasks}[style=itemize] 2 \task a standard item 3 \task another one 4 \task[+] a different one 5 \task and another one 6 \end{tasks} </pre>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • a standard item • another one + a different one • and another one
--	--

7 New Tasks

It is possible to add custom environments that work like the tasks environment.

`\NewTasks`[$\langle options \rangle$]{ $\langle name \rangle$ }[$\langle separator \rangle$]($\langle cols \rangle$)

Define environment $\langle name \rangle$ that uses $\langle separator \rangle$ to introduce a new item. Default for $\langle separator \rangle$ is `\task`, default for $\langle cols \rangle$ is 1. The $\langle options \rangle$ are the ones described in section 4.

`\RenewTasks`[$\langle options \rangle$]{ $\langle name \rangle$ }[$\langle separator \rangle$]($\langle cols \rangle$)

Renew environment previously defined with `\NewTasks`.

The tasks environment is defined as follows:

```
1 \NewTasks{tasks}
```

The separator does not have to be a control sequence:

```

1 % preamble:
2 % \usepackage{dingbat}
3 \NewTasks[label=\footnotesize\leftthumbsup,label-width=1.3em]{done}[*]
4 \begin{done}
5   * First task
6   * Second Task
7 \end{done}

```

👍 First task

👍 Second Task

Although this might seem handy or even nice I strongly advice against using something different than a command sequence. Remember that the items will be split at *every* occurrence of the separator. So in order to use the separator (here for example for a starred variant of a command)

within an item it has to be hidden in braces. This is avoided if you use a command sequence which even doesn't have to be defined.

Let's say you want a `multiplechoice` environment that has three columns in its default state. You could do something like this:

```

1 % preamble:
2 % \NewTasks[style=multiplechoice]{multiplechoice}[\choice](3)
3 % \newcommand*\correct{\PrintSolutionsTF{\checkedchoicebox}{\choicebox}}
4 %
5 % \PrintSolutionsTF and the {question} environment are provided
6 % by the ExSheets package
7 \begin{question}
8   \begin{multiplechoice}
9     \choice First choice
10    \choice Second choice
11    \choice[\correct] Third choice
12  \end{multiplechoice}
13 \end{question}
14 \begin{solution}[print]
15   \begin{multiplechoice}
16     \choice First choice
17     \choice Second choice
18     \choice[\correct] Third choice
19   \end{multiplechoice}
20 \end{solution}

```

Exercise 2.

☐ First choice ☐ Second choice ☐ Third choice

Solution 2.

☐ First choice ☐ Second choice ☒ Third choice

The last example shows you two additional commands:

`\choicebox` ☐

Print an empty square.

`\checkedchoicebox` ☒

Print a crossed-out square.

8 Styling **TASKS**

Equivalent to the styling of **EXSHEETS TASKS** uses `xtemplate` to declare additional instances for the lists.

8.1 The tasks Object

The object that's defined by **TASKS** is the 'tasks' object. This time there are four instances available for the one template (again 'default') that was defined.

8.1.1 Available Options

This section only lists the options that can be used when defining an instance of the 'default' template. The following subsections will give some examples of their usage.

```

1 \DeclareTemplateInterface{tasks}{default}{3}
2 {
3   % option      : type      = default
4   enumerate     : boolean   = true   ,
5   label        : tokenlist
6   indent       : length    = 2.5em  ,
7   counter-format : tokenlist = tsk[a] ,
8   label-format  : tokenlist
9   label-width   : length    = 1em    ,
10  label-offset  : length    = .3333em ,
11  after-item-skip : skip     = 1ex plus 1ex minus 1ex
12 }

```

8.1.2 Predefined Instances

This is rather brief this time:

```

1 % ALPHABETIZE: a) b) c)
2 \DeclareInstance{tasks}{alphabetize}{default}{}
3 % available when 'load-tasks=true':
4 % ITEMIZE:
5 \DeclareInstance{tasks}{itemize}{default}
6 {
7   enumerate = false ,
8   label-width = 1.125em
9 }
10 % ENUMERATE:
11 \DeclareInstance{tasks}{enumerate}{default}
12 { counter-format = tsk. }
13 % MULTIPLECHOICE:
14 \DeclareInstance{tasks}{multiplechoice}{default}
15 {
16   enumerate = false ,
17   label     = \choicebox ,
18 }

```

References

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